The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VII.—NO. 1098.] CHARLOTTE, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1862. [$6 PER ANNUM.

THE BULLETIN.

BY EDWARD R. BRITTON.

☞ THE DAILY BULLETIN will be furnished at SIX DOLLARS per annum, IN ADVANCE.

☞ THE TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN will be published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and supplied for $4 00 per annum, payable in advance.

Defeat of the Enemy near Suffolk—A Repulse on the Black Water.

About one o'clock on Thursday morning last a detachment of Confederate troops made a successful attack upon a Yankee encampment about two miles from Suffolk, consisting of a vastly superior force, and completely put them to flight. Such was the impetuosity and vigor of the attack by the small body of our troops, that the enemy, large Confederate force near them, retreated in the utmost confusion, and allowed themselves to be driven and pursued into the limits of Suffolk. In this attack we killed eleven, and wounded many more. Our forces then fell back, having accomplished their mission.

On Thursday the Yankees made their appearance at Blackwater Bridge, between Franklin and Ivor, and attacked our pickets. Immediately on being advised of this fact, Col. Claiborne and Lieut. Col. Tollaferro, commanding a mounted Regiment, proceeded thither to engage them; but as soon as the enemy saw them, they beat a hasty retreat in the direction of Zuni.—Here our pickets held them at bay until a portion of our forces came up, when a short fight ensued. The Yankees were routed with a loss of several killed and wounded. We have heard of no casualties on our side.

P. S.—Since writing the above, we have received the following communication relative to this affair:

THE YANKEES AGAIN REPULSED.

After the sanguine attack on the encampment of fifteen hundred men two miles from Suffolk, driving them pell mell into Suffolk, killing eleven and wounding many, the Yankees came up to Blackwater Bridge, on Friday, and attacked our pickets at that point. Immediately the 7th Confederate Regiment, commanded by Col. Claiborne and Lieut. Col. Tollaferro, proceeded to Blackwater Bridge, but the enemy skedaddled up the river to Zuni, where the pickets held them at bay until a portion of the regiment came up. One or two well directed shots from a 12-pounder made them leave in double quick time. Their loss must have been fifteen killed and wounded. One company admitted a loss of six. Col. Claiborne sent an advance guard after them, following six miles. From the course pursued, they made their way to Suffolk.

The attack on Thursday morning at 1 o'clock a. m., was brillian, fromt the fact that we had only one hundred and ten men. They had a large force of infantry, cavalry and artillery. We drove them into Suffolk. They did not make their appearance or pretend to follow till they had massed a force of eight thousand to pursue us. We expect again to give them a hearing they little expect.—*Petersburg Express.*

The President's Proclamation of Emancipation.

From the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.

That Proclamation now stands before the people, not as a law, not as an enunciation of political policy, nor as any part of the fulfilment of the duty of the Executive under the Constitution. *It is simply the mandate of a military chief, aimed at the vital energies of rebellion.* It has no legal force except in the presence of the Federal armies, by whom alone it is to be executed. As a military act it necessarily terminates with the rebellion which necessitated and justified it.

It announces a future military policy, dependent upon future developments of the rebellion, and even requires a future Executive act to make it operative at all. Should President Lincoln fail to designate the boundaries of rebellion, his recent Proclamation could never go into effect.

As Executive of the law which he has sworn to uphold, President Lincoln has called attention to them. With the exception of his announcement that he will recommend certain measures to Congress, the above constitutes all the affirmative provisions of the Proclamation. We fail to see how the President could have done less and we rejoice that he has not done more.

In the absence of all legislative authority in the source from whence that Proclamation emanated, it cannot affect in the least the future status of the exclusive jurisdiction of the several States over their domestic institutions, *provided those States be subservient to their Federal cause.*

There is but one way under Heaven whereby slavery can be legally interfered with in the States, and that it is by voluntary acts of the people of those States. Of course, we mean outside of the war power, and even that power terminates with the cessation of hostilities, and returning peace will bring with it a restoration of the constitution and laws of every State which may have been in rebellion.

We fail, therefore, to discover any justification of opposition to the Emancipation act at the North. It is, and of necessity can be nothing but a military expedient towards crushing out the rebellion. As such, we deem it in every point of view equally as justifiable as any other military act that could be devised. As a principle, it could be unjustifiable in the extreme, as an expedient, it should receive the co-operation and approval of every loyal citizen.

THE CAMPAIGN IN KENTUCKY—ROSECRANS ADVANCING TOWARDS NASHVILLE.—The Baltimore *American*, of Friday evening, says:

Gen. Rosencrans left Louisville on the last inst., to take the field. That morning Gen. Sill's Division commenced passing Bowling Green on the road of Nashville, and the other division of the Department of the Cumberland probably soon followed. Nashville may, therefore, be considered safe from the predatory force which has hitherto held it virtually in a state of siege. Gen. Rosencrans's advance will probably be obstructed by the demolition of portions of the railway, but not by the enemy. It is undoubtedly Gen. Rosencrans' plan to make Nashville his base, whence to operate on the lines of railroad against Chattanooga on the southeast, and Knoxville and East Tennessee on the east. The forces of Gen. Granger, in Kentucky, will be sufficient to protect that State, while Gen. Wright, at Louisville, can readily direct the necessary movements for co-operating with Gen. Rosencranz. Bragg's army is announced to be at Cumberland Gap, where it is resting from its march.

President Lincoln is reported to have made the following reply to an inquiry as to how he felt about the election in New York York: "Something like the boy in Kentucky, who stubbed his toe while running to see his sweetheart. The boy" said he "was too big to cry and far too badly hurt to laugh."

Brandy! Brandy!

2,000 gallons Pure Peach and Apply Brandy. Also a few barrels Old Whiskey. For sale by ALBRIGHT & BROWN,
Nov 15—7t* Graham, N. C.

Attention! Beat No. 1.

Pursuant to orders from Regimental Headquarters, you are hereby ordered to appear at 10 o'clock on Wednesday next, the 19th, armed and equipped as the law directs, for Regimental drill and inspection. The commissioned and non-commissioned officers will assemble the two days previous for instruction. By order

J. H. STEVENS, Capt.
J. A. McLEAN, O. S. Nov. 15—4t

P. S.—Those having Government contracts and their employees, are hereby ordered to report as above.

Attention!

BEAT NO. 2.

You are hereby commanded to appear at the Court House on Wednesday next, the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock, armed and equipped for Regimental drill and inspection.

The commissioned and non-commissioned officers will appear on the two days previous.

By order of the Colonel,
J. N. HUNTER, Capt.
T. LEDWELL, O. S. Nov 14—3t

Militia, Attention!

HEADQUARTERS 85TH REG'T. N.C.M.
November 13, 1862.

Captains of Companies belonging to the 85th Regiment will assemble their respective commands for Battallion Drill at their usual muster ground in Charlotte, on Nov. 19th, armed and equipped as the law directs. Commissioned and non-commissioned officers will meet on the 17th and 18th of Nov. After drill Court Martial will be held. By order of

L. S. WILLIAMS, Col. Com'g.
J. A. FOX, Adjutant. Nov 14—4t

Exchange Notice, No. 3.

RICHMOND, Nov 11, 1862.

1. All Confederate Officers and Men, who have been captured and paroled in Virginia or Maryland, at any time from the beginning of hostilities to the 1st of November, 1862, have been duly exchanged and are hereby so declared.

2. All Confederate Officers and Men who have been delivered at Aiken's Landing, on James River, at any time previous to the 11th of November, 1862, have been duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared.

3. All Confederate Officers and Men who have been delivered at Vicksburg, Mississippi, previous to the 1st of November, 1862, and including said date, have been duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared.

ROBERT OULD,
Nov 14—6t Agent of Exchange.

NOTICE

All persons having claims against the Building Committee of the Methodist Church, in Charlotte, will present them immediately to Rev. F. M. KENNEDY.

T. H. BREM, } Com
E. H. ANDREWS, }
Oct. 23, '62-6t.

SUBSTITUTE WANTED.

A liberal price will be paid to a man over 45 years of age, to serve during the war, (with privilege of selecting his company.) Address CONSCTIPT,
Greensboro, N. C
Oct. 11, '62-mtwf-1m

NOTICE.

Bedsteads and Matrasses for Sale, at the Store of WILLIAMS & GRAY.
Nov. 4 tf.

STOCK FOR SALE

25 SHARES of Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio R. R. Stock for sale.
Apply to M. L. WRISTON,
Oct. 8, '62-dtf. Treas.

LAND FOR SALE.

By order of the Court of Equity for Lincoln county, I am authorized to sell two valuable tracts of LAND in said county, belonging to the Motz estate. Any person wishing to purchase can see the land by calling on Caleb Motz, W. H. Motz, or myself at Lincolnton. One tract contains 725, the other 600 acres.

WM. J. HOKE, C. & M. E.
Nov. 13, 1862—4t

NOTICE.

Persons holding claims against this Department for Medicinal Herbs, Barks and Roots, delivered on or before August 2nd, 1862, will present them for payment before Sept. 20th, 1862, or otherwise they will not be paid.

M. HOWARD, Surgeon
and Medical Purveyor,
Medical Purveyor's Office, Charlotte, N. C.
Sept. 2 tf

Shoes for Ladies.

I TAKE this method of informing the citizens of Charlotte that I am now prepared and am manufacturing

SHOES

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

OF THE

Best Material and Workmanship.

Particular attention paid to LADIES' SHOES.

All REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch.

J. J. SNEAD,
Next door to the Barber Shop.
Nov 5—1m

NOTICE.

I will sell at the late residence of Patrick J. Fowrie, dec'd, on Wednesday the 26th instant, the personal property of said deceased, consisting in part of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Beds & Bedsteads, Table Ware, Crockery, Cooking Utensils, &c. Also, one good One-horse Wagon and Harness, and the balance of his stock of Books.

The House and Lot of said deceased will be rented, at the same time and place, until 1st January, 1864.

Terms made known on day of sale.

LOUISA J. LOWRIE, Ex'trix.
Nov. 4—ts

Sale postponed to 25th November.

NOTICE.—RECEIVER'S SALE.

By virtue of Decrees of the Confederate Court, I will sell at the Court House in Monroe, Union county, on Tuesday the 25th of November next, the following Lands and Personal Property, viz:

325 acres Land in Union county, adjoining the lands of J. R. Hudson, T. N. Lewis and others, the property of J. M. Lisle.

500 acres Land in Union county, adjoining the lands of Lewis Conder, Phillip Conder and others, the property of Thomas B. Tappan.

Several Tracts of Land in Union county, containing 18,444 acres, on the waters of Twelve Mile creek, Crooked creek, Stump creek, Lick creek, Chinquepin creek, Stewart's Fork creek, Bear Skin creek, Richardson creek, and Linch's creek, adjoining the lands of R. F. Stockton, H. M. Houston, Nihemah Findal, Calvin Laney, Jas. McLoud, Joseph Starnes, the heirs of David Phifer, Wm. Houston, Francis Poor, Marcus Auston, Jacob Secrest, John Crowell, Michael Osborn, Ezekiel Hellems, Sam'l Lewis, Jacob Tomlin, Alfred Price, Isaac Simpson, Thomas Kesiah, Daniel Hellems, Culpeper Auston, John Medlin, Robert Fowler, Jas. R. Winchester, Ezekiel Yirby, William Bibb, George Woll, Elisha Stancil, Geo. W. Winchester, and others—the property of Wm. Redmond, Isaac Bronson, and F. Randal, Trustees of Ward, Hoyt & Ward.

150 acres Land in Union county, known as the Fox Hill Tract, adjoining the lands of F. Stephens, the heirs of Philip Conder, and others.

25 acres Land in Union county, adjoining Thomas Hamby, Washington Ritch, and others.

10 acres Land in Union county, known as the Starnes' Gold Mine, adjoining Jos. Starnes, F. Stillwell, and others.

The one-half of 6¼ acres of Land in Union county, adjoining the lands of J. W. Williamson, James Smith, and others, the property of Wm. Frazier, Trustee of Wm. A. Shepherd.

The one-half interest in a Tract of Land in Union county, on the waters of Goose creek, adjoining the Marion Mine Tract, and others, containing 195 acres, belonging to Thomas C. Durant.

Five-eighths of a Tract of Land in Union county, on the waters of Duck creek, adjoining the lands of Jacob Long, containing 50 acres; the mineral interest in 700 acres of Land, the Jacob Long & Muse Tracts, adjoining the above tract, the property of Thomas C. Durant.

Fifty-five-one-hundredths of a Tract of Land in Union county, on the waters of Goose creek, adjoining the lands of the Stewart Gold Mine Tract, Franklin and Samuel Stephens, the lands of Eli Stewart, and others, containing 700 acres, the property of Charles Judson, Wm. D. Judson, George Ripley, Berry F. Lee, Robert M. Snow, Robt. Taylor, and Thomas C. Durant.

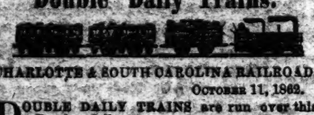
5108 shares Stock in the Stewart Mining Company, the property of Marshall Hill, Thos. B. Green, and others.

Lot of Carpenters', Blacksmith, and Mining Tools, and a lot of old Iron, the property of John M. Lisle.

Sale to be continued from day to day till all is sold.

C. N. WHITE, Receiver.
Oct. 4, 1862.—20t

Double Daily Trains.



CHARLOTTE & SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.
OCTOBER 11, 1862.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS are run over this Road as follows:

Leave Columbia	8.00 A. M.	6.10 P. M.
Arrive Charlotte,	3.30 P. M.	2.00 A. M.
Leave Charlotte,	9 00 A. M.	9.15 P. M.
Arrive Columbia,	4.50 P. M.	5.00 A. M.

The Trains connect at Charlotte with the North Carolina Railroad, forming a double daily connection with Richmond, and at Columbia with the South Carolina Railroad and the Greenville and Columbia Railroad trains.

E. HULBERT,
October 11, '62—tf General Superintendent

NOTICE.

Having administered on the Estate of Stephen D. Smith, those indebted to him will please come forward and make settlement and those having claims against him will present them immediately, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

R. ORMOND, Adm'r.
Nov 15, 1862—3t.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders in the Charlotte Gas Light Co. will be held at the Branch Bank of N. C. on the 4th Wednesday of November inst.

A full attendance is requested as business of importance will be before the meeting.

JAS. H. CARSON, Pres't.
Nov. 6 d18t.

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the Legislature at its next Session to incorporate a Toll Bridge, near Vestals Ford, Gaston County, N. C.

CALEB RHODES.
Nov 12, 1862—3t*

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

The brick STORE, 30 by 104 feet, and the 3 adjoining building LOTS, I will sell for cash or exchange for young negroes. The above property was formerly owned by Major J. Caldwell.

WM. R. GORDON.
Oct. 29 '62-dtf.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF N. C. R. R. CO.,
Salem, Sept. 24, 1862.

Notice is hereby given that the shippers and others interested in the rates of freight rates on this Road will be notified that on and after the first day of October next the rates on passengers will be reduced to five cents per mile, on and after the first day of October next.

Sept 25, 1862—tf. ALEX. BARKER, Engr & Supt.

ATLANTIC, TENN. & OHIO RAIL ROAD.

TRAINS RUNNING ON THIS ROAD will, on and after Monday, the 6th inst., run as follows: (Sundays excepted.) At 5.30 A. M. Leave Knoxville, arrive at Strawberry Plains 19 minutes later. Leave Strawberry Plains at 6.30 A. M. Arrive at Knoxville at 7.49 A. M.

Oct. 3, 1862—tf. HULBERT, Gen'l Supt.

WANTED.

2 or 3'00 lbs. good soft SOAP, for which the cash will be paid, either in Charlotte or at the Factory. T. R. TATE.
Oct. 3 '62-d w. tf.

CHATHAM RAILROAD.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED Proposals will be received by the undersigned at the Company's Office in the City of Raleigh until noon, Saturday November 1, 1862,

For the Graduation and Masonry of the middle division, extending from Page's to Lockville, (23 miles.)

Profiles and Specifications, showing about the aggregate amount of work required, will be exhibited for one week prior to that date, at the Engineer's Office in Haywood, Chatham county, and Company's Office in Raleigh.

Printed proposals will be furnished Contractors for their filling up, and signatures.

KEMP P. BATTLE, President.
ELLWOOD MORRIS, Chief Engineer.
Raleigh, Oct. 10, 1862.
october 13 6t

SHEETING AND RICE.

10 Bales, 4-4 Bro. Sheeting.
10 Tierces superior Rice. For sale by
THOS. L. MITCHELL.
Graham, N. C., Oct. 11, '62-mwf-1m

FOR HIRE.

20 Valuable negro Women and Girls, amongst whom are some good field hands, house servants and one extraordinarly good nurse for children.

Apply to J. F. BUTT.
Oct. 10 '62-dtf.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, C.S.A.,
CHARLOTTE, Oct. 10, 1862.

WANTED.—130 feet HEMP ROPE, one inch in diameter.

M. HOWARD, Surgeon
oct 10, '62-tf & Med. Purveyor.

SHOES FOR SALE.

We are now manufacturing elegant high cut SHOES in large quantities. We have a considerable number of pairs now on hand. Any order for them will be punctually filled.

JNO. F. BUTT.
Mint Street, Charlotte, N. C.
Oct. 9, '62—dtf

YOUNG NEGRO MAN FOR SALE.

Very valuable, sound, active and strong. Inquire at the Charlotte Bank.
October 18, 1862—tf

STENHOUSE & MACAULAY,

Commission Merchants,

At their Old Stand, Trade Street.

Keep constantly on hand a well selected Stock of Family Groceries.

All orders for Flour, Corn, Bacon, &c., promptly and carefully filled.

Factories supplied with Cotton, on commission of 50 cents per bale.

J. E. STENHOUSE,
ALLEN MACAULAY.
Charlotte, N. C., May 3, 1862—1y

FLOUR MILL

FOR SALE.

The subscriber having entered into a contract for building the Rail Road from Danville to Greensboro, is desirous of devoting his whole time to that work, and offers his STEAM MILL for sale. The property is situated in the town of Charlotte, on the North Carolina Rail Road, has six run of Mill Stones and the Flour manufactured has a high reputation throughout the Southern Confederacy.

It has also a Barrel Factory, with improved Machinery, and Cooper shops attached, which will be sold with the Mill or separately.

JOHN WILKES.
August 28, '62—tf.

Charleston Mercury and Courier, Augusta Constitutionalist, Columbia Guardian and Carolinian, Richmond Enquirer, Raleigh Standard, will advertise for one month and send bills to this office.

Charlotte Foundry And Machine Shop.

HAVING purchased from J. A. Fox the above establishment, the undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill every order for making Steam Engines, Cotton and Tobacco Presses, and every description of Machinery. All kinds of Castings in Iron, Brass and other metals made at short notice and reduced prices. Particular attention given to the making and repairing of Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Cotton Gins, Mill Works and Agricultural Work of all kinds. Blacksmithing, Job, Wagon Work, and Horse-Shoeing done with dispatch. Old Iron, Brass and Copper Castings bought at the Foundry or taken in exchange for job work. All kinds of Wood Turning also done.

dec 26-tf JOHN M. HOWIE.

HURRAH FOR THE CAMPS.

Just received this morning, from the blockade, Fine Tooth Combs, all sizes also English Dressing Combs.

For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
April 30, 1862—tf

WRITING PAPER, &c.

Confederate Writing Paper and Envelopes with Military Motto, Fine Letter Paper, Steel Pens and Holders.

For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
April 30, 1862—tf

PINE WOOD.

Proposals will be received at this office until Saturday the 29th inst., for the delivery at the Wayside on the city of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY CORDS PINE WOOD, in 4 feet lengths.

Delivery may commence immediately after the contract is awarded, and continue until the 1st December next, when the whole quantity must be delivered.

The wood must be of good quality. Proposals will state the price per cord.

E. BARRON, Commissary,
Commissary's Office, Navy Yard, Charlotte,
Sept. 26, 1862

NOTICE.

Master Transportation's Office, }
Charlotte, Sept. 20, 1862. }

None of the following articles will be received by this Department:

American Grollan,	Horsemint,
Anise seed,	Indian Tobacco, leaves and plants,
Bone set,	Jamestown weed leaves
Calamus,	Lobelia or Blood Root,
Cantasy,	Sassafras Pith,
Dandelion,	Scotch Broom,
Fleabane,	Spearmint,
Hemlock leaves,	Stramonium,
Hoarhine leaves & seed,	Yarrow,

Of the remaining articles in former advertisement the prices of the following will be changed:

Irrisiveus Viride—American Hellebore root, 20 cts. per lb.
Grossulum Maculatum—Orange hill, 50 " " "
Dysentyros Virginiana—Pawpaw, 30 " " "
Bark from roots, 30 cts. per lb.
Lobelia Inflata—Indian Tobacco seed, 1.50 cts. per lb.
Xanthoxylon Fraxineum—Prickly Ash Berry, 50 cts. per lb.
Prinkney's Palmus—bark, 30 " " "

N. B.—These articles must be clean and perfectly dry. Those prices will be paid for the above named articles and they together with such articles in former advertisement—the reception of which has not been advertised to cease—will be received at the N. C. Institute, Charlotte, N. C., till further notice.

M. HOWARD, Surgeon,
Medical Purveyor.
September 20, 1862—tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF KAHNWEILER & BROS., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm are earnestly requested to come forward and settle their indebtedness by *Cash or Note.*

K. & Bros. return their sincere thanks to their friends and patrons for past favors, and ask a continuance of same for their successors.

David Kahnweiler and Daniel Kahnweiler only are authorized to settle up the business of the late firm.

DAVID KAHNWEILER.
DANIEL KAHNWEILER.
JACOB KAHNWEILER.
Charlotte, N. C., Oct. 14, 1862. tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the name and style of KAHNWEILER & BROTHER, for the transaction of the STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS BUSINESS.

The patrons of the late firm, and the public generally, are invited to call and examine their stock.

DAVID KAHNWEILER.
DANIEL KAHNWEILER.
Charlotte, N. C., Oct 14, '62—tf

SHOE MAKERS WANTED.

Good wages and steady employment will be given to two or three good SHOE or BOOT makers. For particulars enquire at the Bulletin Office.
Aug. 27, '62—tf

BLUE MASS, BLUE MASS.

Warranted pure and equal to any imported.

I am now manufacturing Blue Mass in large quantities by machinery, and can fill orders for any quantity.

It can be sent by express to almost any place in the Confederacy.

Orders solicited.

Orders can also be sent to Kent, Paine & Co., Richmond Va.

R. B. SAUNDERS.
Chapel Hill, N. C.
July 23, 1862—3taw1m

Family Flour for Sale.

AT the Charlotte Flouring Mills can be had Family, Superfine and fine FLOUR, SECONDS, SHORTS and BRAN.

Also, MEAL and GRIST.

JOHN WILKES,
aug 1, 1862—1y Charlotte Flour Mills.

Wheat and Corn Wanted.

THE planting community will take notice that their Wheat and Corn Crops will be purchased at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill, at market prices. Those having Wheat and Corn for sale may find it to their advantage to call at the Mill before closing a sale.

JOHN WILKES & CO
aug 1, 1862—1y Charlotte Flour Mill

RUN THE BLOCKADE.

Ladies English Hoop Skirts, all qualities.
Brown and Black English Long Cloth.
French Kid Gloves, light and dark colors.
French Gambroon, Men's and Boys Summer wear.
Gents English Shirts, direct importation, also new styles Gents Collars for sale by
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
june 13 '62-dtfc.

MILLINERY GOODS.

Received per Steamer—from—
Ladies English STRAW BONNETS.
Donstable and Split Straw Hats.
Misses and Ladies Nymph Hats.
Misses and Ladies Isabella Hats.
Misses and Ladies Catharine Hats.
Misses and Ladies Sylph Hats.
Misses and Ladies Westend riding Hats.
Misses and Ladies Jockey and Zouave Hats.
Boys English Straw Hats.
Just received and for sale at the fashionable Bazaar of
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
August 23, '62—tf

WANTED.

A small residence in the town of Charlotte, in easy distance of the Post Office. Any person having such for rent for the next year can find a permanent and punctual tenant by leaving information at the Daily Bulletin office.
Oct. 28 '62-d3t.

NOTICE.

All Freight charges not advanced within the last two months, will be increased 25 per centum on the Charlotte & South Carolina and Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Rail Roads on and after the 6th instant. All Agents will act accordingly.

WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.
Oct. 8, 1862—tf

TOBACCO.

I have on hand at my factory, 7 miles east of Yanceyville, N. C., a general assortment of manufactured TOBACCO, consisting of all grades. Persons wishing to purchase would do well to come and see my stock before buying.

J. D. LONG.
Yanceyville, Caswell Co., N. C.
Sept 27, '62—d1m*

N. C. ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THE North-Carolina Annual Conference, of the M. E. Church will convene in this place on Wednesday the 3d of December next.

WM. E. PELL, Sec'y.
Raleigh, Oct. 15, 1862-dtf.

☞ State papers will please notice.

BROOM CORN WANTED.

The highest market price will be paid for BROOM CORN on application to the undersigned.

J. N. SCOFIELD.
Mount Mourne, N. C.
Sept 1, 1862—tf

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS are invited for the grading of that portion of the Western Railroad between the Gulf and Ore Hill in Chatham county, and also for the masonry.

Application and communications to be made to the subscriber, Gulf Post Office, Chatham county, N. C.

GEO. WASHINGTON.
Oct. 13, '62-d1m.

DESERTED.

$30 REWARD.

CHARLOTTE HOSPITAL, Sept. 20th, 1862.

PRIVATE LORENZO D. MURPHY, Company D, 26th N. C. Regiment, deserted from the Charlotte Hospital on the 19th ult. Said man is lurking around Charlotte or surrounding country, pretending to be enlisting recruits. When he left he had on a grey infantry uniform. He is about Six Feet One Inches High, three quarters dark complexion, and weighs a little over 200 lbs.

The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and delivery at the Charlotte Jail.

K. K. GREGORY,
Act. Asst. Surgeon, C. S. A., in charge
Sept 24, '62—tf Charlotte Hospital.

WILLIAMS & OATES,

TRADE STREET,

Cotton Buyers, Grocers & Produce Dealers.

Agents for Kettlewell's Manipulated Guano and Lord's Lumber.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

A SUBSTITUTE

Can be had by application to W. W. Woodel, who is a good able-bodied man and will go as a sharp shooter or any other way, and clear of all conscripts.

Sept 15—tf W. W. WOODEL.

WANTED TO HIRE.

Five hands to work on Statesville Railroad and ten for the C. & S. C. Rail Road for three months or longer.

WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.
Sept. 15, 1862—tf.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the next Legislature of North Carolina for amendments to the Charter of the North Carolina Powder Manufacturing Company.

Sept. 16 '62-dtf.

WIL., CHARLOTTE & R.R. R. CO

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS.

THE next annual meeting of this Company will be held at Lincolnton on Wednesday, the 22d day of October next. Trains for the accommodation of the Stockholders will leave Charlotte and Cherryville on the morning of that day.

From and after the 21st instant, the Transfer Books will be closed.

JAS. I. McCALLUM, Sec'y.
Sept. 22, 1862—1m

OIL CAKE.

At Ayr Oil Company's Mill, Oil Cake at $1.25 per 100 lbs.
Sept. 4, 1862—tf

TO THE LADIES.

Owing to the ill health of Miss F. Brown, the cause of her leaving here, we have the pleasure to announce that we have engaged Miss —— Kerr, from Charleston, who will be happy to wait upon our customers and endeavor to please all in giving the latest styles of fashion.

KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Aug 23, '62—tf.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale, a very desirable HOUSE and LOT in the village of Graham, N. C. The House contains six large rooms and on the lot are all necessary outbuildings, with an excellent well of water and a lot of fine vegetables.

For further particulars apply to

L. W. BEALE,
Sept 6, '62—d3w Graham, N. C.

TALLOW! TALLOW!

5,000 lbs. extra article white TALLOW for sale by
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
June 23, '62—tf.

SWORD, SASH AND BELT.

A handsome Silver Case Sword, for Captain or Commissioned Officers, with a red Silk Sash and Belt. For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Feb. 15, 1862—tf

COTTON CARDS.

Run the Blockade few dozen best quality Whittimore No 8, 9, 10, Cotton Cards for Sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
June 7, '62—tf.

PEA NUT OIL! PEA NUT OIL!

Few more barrels extra quality PEA NUT OIL just received and for sale by
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
June 23, '62—tf.

SCUPERNONG WINE.

Superior articles of Scupernong WINE, in bottles for family use. For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Jan. 25, 1862—tf

COTTON LACES, &c.

We are selling off our splendid stock of Needle Work, comprising Sleeves and Collars, French and English worked Bands, Edging and Inserting, Thread, Linen and Cotton Laces, as usual, low prices.

Selling very fast at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Jan. 25, 1862—tf

Particular Attention!

AS there will be a change in our firm, our customers will do us a great favor by calling and settling their accounts and notes.

Our terms hereafter are strictly cash.

KAHNWEILER & BRO'S.
Aug. 11, 1861—

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

Received a fine assortment of women Leather Shoes, sizes 3 to 7, selling very fast at $2.50 a pair. Fine Kid Morocco Boots, sizes 1 to 6.

For sale at KAHNWEILER & BROS.
March 19, 1862—tf.

MILITARY BUTTONS, &c.

Received per Steamer Isabel, Gold Lappaulets for Commissioned Officers, Military Buttons, Gold Lace, Pistols, &c.

Call soon at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Jan. 25, 1862—tf

CONFEDERATE REGULATIONS

Gold Stars, Gold Gimp for Pants, Gold Lace for Sleeves and Collars, Military Buttons, just received per express. For sale at KAHNWEILER & BROS.
April 30, 1862—tf

DAVIDSON COLLEGE.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the second Monday in August next, at the usual charges and classes, a preparatory class will be opened under the personal care and instruction of members of the faculty.

For particulars address
REV. JOHN MONTEITH, Pres't.
June 2, 1862—d1y ctn

SPRING GOODS!

SPRING GOODS!

Just received a large assortment of Spring Dress Goods, comprising Gray Paplins, English Barages, Challies, Woollard Plaids, Barage Delaines, Figured Barages, Organdies, Lawns and Spring Silks, which are selling very rapidly at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
March 19, 1862—tf

PRINTERS' INK MANUFACTURED BY

B. A. RANDALL & CO.,
MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

BOOK, NEWS AND COLORED INKS.

Of an excellent quality, and warranted equal to the best Northern make.

BOOK INK at 50 cents to $4 per lb., in cans of 1 to 10 pounds.

NEWS INK, (fine) at 30 cents per lb. for all orders of 100 pounds and upwards.

NEWS INK, (very fine) at 40 cents per lb., in kegs of 25 and 50 pounds.

COLORED INKS at $1 to $8 per lb., in half pound and pound cans.

☞ Every paper inserting this advertisement for one month and sending us a copy of their paper, will receive pay for the same upon purchasing three times the amount of their bill from us.

cash 22 '62-1m. B. A. R. & CO.

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby warned against trading for a note given by me to Alexander Craig for forty dollars in part payment for a horse bought from him. The horse not being what he was represented to me. I will not pay the note unless compelled to do so by law.

MARY MEAD.
Oct. 11, 1862—4t pf

L. T. LEVIN,

Commission Merchant,

SELLS ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.

COLUMBIA, S. C.
March 14, 1862 1y

CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.

R. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.

RETAIL DEALERS IN BRITISH AND DOMESTIC DRUGS, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, Turpentine, Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Pure Liquors, Garden Teas, Field and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Having closed our books, we intend to sell here after for cash. [May 4, 1861-tf

J. G. WILKINSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND Plated Ware.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

J. S. PHILLIPS,

Merchant Tailor.

HAVING located in Charlotte, respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

A complete assortment of Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings always on hand, which will be made to order at the shortest notice, after the latest fashion.

Shop three doors South of the Mansion House.
sept. 19 tf

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

Opium, Morphine, Quinine, French Brandy, Old Port Wine and Castor Oil, (by the gallon,) Indigo, Castile Soap, Sup. Carb Soda, (by the keg,) Calomel and Nitrate of Silver, (Lunar Caustic,) just received.

WANTED, 150 pounds Red Rose Leaves (perfectly dry) for which 50 cents a pound will be paid by

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.,
Charlotte Drug Store.
Dec. 4, 1861—tf

WANTED.

Twenty hands can find immediate employment by applying at the Envelope Manufactory to

T. H. STEVENS & CO.,
Opposite Post Office.
May 28'62 dtf.

Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road.

Stockholders desiring their stock dividend will leave their original certificates with me. The coupons due upon the Bonds of this Company on the 1st of July will be paid on presentation to the undersigned.

A. H. MARTIN, Agent.
June 2, 1862—tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY.

I have a Receipt to make a liquid to mix ¼ and ¼ with any kind of Oil (except pure Lard,) which is equal to Sperm Oil for all machinery. This liquid can be made at a cost of five dollars per barrel of 30 gallons. It can be made in 20 minutes and be ready for use in 4 hours. This Oil will not create any gum, but will cut away all gum that has been created by other Oils. It is better than Sperm Oil for Machinery of quick motion. It is the very article for Cotton and Paper Mills. Any one that wants the receipt can address me at this place and I will give any information concerning it, price, &c., &c.

Address
T. S. BAILEY,
Buffalo Paper Mills,
Cleaveland Co., N. C.
May 8, 1862—3m

MILLINERY, MILLINERY.

Spring Straw and Neopolitan Bonnets, Drab and Black Straw Bonnets, Boys and Misses Straw and Leghorn Hats; Also, new Spring Artificials and Ribbons, just received and for sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
March 19, 1862—tf

ZEPHYRS, ZEPHYRS.

Shades and quite Assortment of all shades. Also, Shetlands Wool for Ladies Shawls and Scarfs. For sale at KAHNWEILER & BROS.
March 19, 1862—tf

NAILS! NAILS!

All sizes at
KAHNWEILER & BRO.
June 17, 1862—tf

SALT, SALT.

Several hundred bushels of SALT expecting daily. For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
June 2, '62-tf

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby warned against trading for a note given by me to Alexander Craig for forty dollars in part payment for a horse bought from him. The horse not being what he was represented to me. I will not pay the note unless compelled to do so by law.

MARY MEAD.
Oct. 11, 1862—4t pf

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

DAILY BULLETIN, (per annum.) $8.00.
TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN, (per annum.) $4.00.
CATAWBA JOURNAL, (per annum) $1.00.

CHARLOTTE.

Wednesday Morning, Nov. 19, '62.

Hospital Appointments.

Wednesday—Mrs. Parke and Miss Mary Harty.

Thursday—Mrs. Cureton and Mrs. V. Alexander.

Friday—Mrs. Dults and Mrs. Frankenthall.

☞ In consequence of the necessary absence of our compositors who have been called on to give their attention to military matters this day, and believing it to be a duty we owe the Government to devote at least one day to its service, the "Bulletin" is suspended until Friday morning.

Should important news be received to-day it will be promptly given to the public as usual.

The Rebel Minstrel.

It will be seen by the annexed acknowledgement handed to us for publication, that HARRY MACARTHY, THE REBEL MINSTREL, has done a very handsome thing in aid of the Soldiers Aid Society of Charlotte.

As a token of the sense of this community and as evincing their appreciation, we hope Treloar Hall will be filled to-night, as a compliment to THE REBEL MINSTREL, HARRY MACARTHY.

Acknowledgment.

The Ladies Aid Society of Charlotte acknowledge the receipt of Two Hundred and Twenty-four Dollars and Seventy five Cents, from Harry Macarthy, being the nett proceeds of his first concert given in this town.

In making this acknowledgement the Ladies Aid Society would return their thanks to Mr. Macarthy for this his liberal contribution, and cannot refrain from expressing their admiration at such a warm manifestation, on his part, of interest in behalf of our suffering soldiers.

MISS M. S. ALEXANDER,
Sec. & Treas. L. A. S.

Nov. 17, 1862.

An Incident of Stuart's Late Raid.

The Richmond correspondent of the Charleston Mercury relates the following incident connected with Gen. Stuart's late raid into Pennsylvania:

As the head of the column was pushing towards the Potomac, a rockaway containing a gentleman in a fine suit of light-colored oil-cloth, drove up. The gentleman said politely, "Move aside men—move; I am an officer of the 79th Pennsylvania, on recruiting service, and must go on." The men moved aside, but too slowly for the impatient gentleman. Stuart soon came up. "Are you the officer in command?" inquired the occupant of the rockaway. "I am," was the reply.—"Then be good enough to order your men to make way for me. I am an officer of the 79th, on recruiting service, and it is important for me to get ahead as rapidly as possible." "Very well," said Stuart, at the same time giving a significant look at one of his men, who at once dismounted and took a seat in the rockaway.—"What do you mean, sir?" exclaimed the indignant occupant. "Nothing," said the man, dryly. "Who are you, sir?" thundered the officer of the 79th. "Nobody." "Who is that officer?" "Gen. Stuart." "What General Stuart?" "Jeb Stuart, Major General of Cavalry in the Confederate army," was the calm answer. The officer or the 79th gave a long whistle, and exclaimed, "By—! I'm procured." "I rather think you are," said the man, turning the rockaway Southward. The captured officer managed to escape while our troops were crossing the Potomac, but the rockaway and horse were saved.

The Cabinet.

The public were taken by surprise yesterday by the announcement that Hon. George W. Randolph has resigned his seat in the Cabinet, thereby vacating the Department of War. Several reasons are assigned for the step, but as they reach us only in the form of speculations, we do not think it necessary to repeat them. It is but just to say that General Randolph has conducted the laborious and important affairs of his office with more satisfaction to the country than either of his predecessors. We are inclined to think, that, if all the embarrassments and difficulties connected with and imposed upon that Department were known, the public would accord him a high measure of praise for the patience, the ability and system with which he has met, and, as far as possible, overcome them. We have felt called upon at times to comment in terms of censure upon matters appertaining to that branch of the Government, but it is doubtful whether the responsibility justly attached to the Secretary. Perhaps, it may appear hereafter, that no one could, under the circumstances, have done better than he. Luckily for the country, we are not wanting in competent men to fill the vacant seat. Some of these we would venture to name, but for the apprehension that it would defeat the appointment of any one of them. For the same reason, if we thought there was the least chance of its being done, we would forbear suggesting that this occurrence affords an opportunity of recasting the Cabinet entirely, as was expected and desired at the organization of the permanent Government. But as neither to speak or to be silent on that subject will have any effect, we console ourselves with believing that, even with Memminger and Mallory and Reagan in office, the shoulders of the people are broad and strong enough to uphold the cause, and to bear it though in triumph, *cum onere*.

John Van Buren is getting still bolder. He praises the courage of Southern men as shown in the Revolution and the Mexican wars, and tells Lincoln to his face that it is folly to talk of Southerners running when they are "defending their wives and children."

Lincoln's Dilemma.

The explanation given by the Philadelphia *Inquirer* of the cause of McClellan's removal is that, in the judgment of the Administration at Washington, an advance on Richmond before it should be prevented by winter was necessary to stave off foreign intervention. But that, in the opinion of McClellan, the army was not in condition to make the advance. In the opinion of the highest political authority, the advance was necessary to secure political ends. In the judgment of the highest military authority, the advance could not be made without incurring defeat. Danger and disaster threatened on either hand.—To wait was to invite intervention—to advance was to risk destruction. But the political authority, having more power and less caution than the military, overruled the military judgment and determined to take the hazard of battle. In such case it will not lessen the confidence with which our army will meet them, to have the assurance in advance of their best military mind that they must fail; nor will it diminish the importance of the conflict and the courage with which our men will wrestle for victory, to be told, as we are, that the defeat of the enemy now will probably insure the intervention they so much dread. A double and decisive disaster of this kind would be a fit consummation to a year of atrocious endeavor on their part and of heroic resistance on ours.—*Richmond Whig*.

ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL GUN.—A muzzle loading gun of 120 pounds calibre, made upon a principle which combines Armstrong's "coil" with Whatworth's "hexagonal rifling," has been tried at Shoeburyness.—The target was a built up section of the Warrior's side, with 4½ inch iron plates, 18 inches of teak backing, and inner lining of iron of five-eighths of an inch. It is stated, however, that the plates were of an inferior metal to that used on previous experiments. Against this target, at a range of 600 yards, was fired a solid hexagonal shot of 129 pounds weight. It struck the shield close to the spot at which it was aimed, a bright sheet of flame marking the concussion, just, as we told, as if a gun had been fired in reply. It then passed straight through the iron plates, and remained lixed in the teak, causing the inner skin to bulge and rend in many places, so as to cause a leak which nothing could stop in an actual vessel. The trial was deemed conclusive of the effect of these flat-fronted shot upon iron plated ships. But the experiment with shell was still more extraordinary in its results. One of these tremendous missiles, loaded with 3 lbs. 8 oz. of powder, and weighing 131 lbs., went completely through the whole target, bursting, apparently, on striking the inner lining, and sending its fragments like a storm of hail right over what would have been the main deck of the Warrior, and therefore into the midst of her crew.

☞ A shocking case of cannibalism occurred in the Pacific early in September. The Italian ship Mia Madre, eight days out from Callao was lost, the officers and crew taking to the boats. The captain, owner and seven of the crew were picked up by the American ship Constitution, bound for Paita. The captain, Oppisso, states that they left the wreck in three boats, containing all the people on board, and saw the vessel go down immediately after leaving her; that on the third day one of the boats having on board the chief mate and five seamen, was lost sight of; that on the same day the other, with the second mate and four seamen, foundered, but he saved them all; that of his party five died before. As they were out of provisions, it was reported upon their arrival at Paita that they were compelled to eat the flesh and drink the blood of those who died. Since then these same Italians passed through Panama, and confessed the above to be true; the part used was the liver.

☞ A brutal and shocking occurence took place at Etna Switch on the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad on Monday last. Father Neelis, the Catholic Priest of this place, had been down on the road to preach on Sunday. On Monday whilst he was sitting with a gentleman at Etna Switch talking, three men, John Henderson, W. G. Lisle and John Tatum, came up and asked him who he was. He told them his name, and that he was the Catholic Priest at Chattanooga. They then asked what he was doing there. He told them that was his business, not theirs.—They then asked him for his pass. He asked what authority they had to demand a pass. Whereupon two of them threw him down and John Tatum cocked his gun. Father Neelis then attempted to run, and when he had gone a few steps, Tatum fired and shot him through his body. It is thought he will die. John Henderson and W. G. Lisle have been arrested and are in the guard house. Tatum, the man who did the shooting, is still at large, but efforts are being made to arrest him. Henderson and Lisle say they belong to the Nineteenth Tennessee regiment. Tatum is a citizen of Dade county, Ga. We hope Tatum may be caught and these men made an example of.—*Chattanooga Rebel, 12th inst.*

A CONFLICT OF AUTHORITY.—The Chattanooga Rebel contains the following announcement:

Governor Brown, of Georgia, has again come in conflict with Confederate authority by the action of the Superintendant of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, in refusing transportation for some fifty barrels of whiskey, in accordance with a proclamation of the Governor in relation thereto.

We understand that an agent is on the way to Georgia to take possession of this road for the enforcement of this transportation, as well as for other purposes. We await the issue with some curiosity, if things are as we understand them.

The place of Grand Rabbi, of the Synagogue, has been offered by the Jews of Manheim to M. Jastrow, the eminent preacher of Warsaw, who was some years ago arrested and exiled for his adherence to the Polish national party, but was pardoned at the beginning of September.

Poison in Smoke House Salt.

From the Southern Christian Advocate.]

Mr. Editor:—I received a day or two ago, a small sack of salt made from the smoke house of a gentleman of Chambers co., Ala., accompanied by a message that two negroes, who had used it, had died suddenly, and several more were sick, perhaps seven stated. An analysis of the salt was requested. I tested it for mineral poisons and found none. I obtained from it an organic putrescible, substance, like that obtained on former occasions, alluded to in a former article in your paper. In this case no odor was produced after moistening the salt and it standing thirty six hours.

I enquired the symptoms manifested by the negroes, and received in reply that "they just sunk away and died."

Without expressing any opinion as to the cause of the death and sickness of the negroes, I would say that the above expression conveys the exact idea that we should expect from the action of a powerful organic poison an entire prostration of the vital powers. I write to you, that a supplement may be made to my former letter. This substance may be readily removed in various ways. The one most within the reach of all is to add a solution of glue, isinglass, or the white of eggs, or blood to the salt, when it is dissolved for recrystalization. When the salt water boils and the scum rises and is removed, and still there are floating particles in the liquor, it should be strained through a cloth. I am satisfied that all the salt made from smoke houses should be treated in this manner. It is unfit for any domestic purpose without it. There is nothing incredible in the idea that death should be caused by a poison produced by the decomposition of the blood, that exudes from the meat. Such results have followed the eating of sausages, cheese, &c., in what appeared to be a state of incipient putrefaction.

The dryness and equable temperature of the house may have preserved the virus from ultimate decomposition, and when received into the system is in a state to exert its power to the destruction of animal life. The quantity of virus may be exceedingly minute, as we know it must be in what are called contagious diseases, as small pox, yellow fever, &c.

We have seen samples of salt made from salt springs, that we should consider unfit for domestic use. An article of daily and indispensable family use should be pure, and no other should be used.

Whether death in the above case resulted from the eating of the salt or not, a caution is not untimely where so much is at stake as the health of our families and the stock of our plantations.—Nothing but pure salt should be used by ourselves or given to our domestic animals.

Very respectfully, yours,
J. DARBY.

Auburn, Ala., October 30th, 1862.

THE EXPEDITION AGAINST VICKSBURG.—A Cairo letter in the Tribune says that the Federal expedition fitting out at Cairo for the capture of Vicksburg will be ready in a fortnight. Commodore Porter is to conduct the enterprise. The expedition will be supported by a considerable and efficient land force, something which was lacking last summer, and which, with the extreme sickliness of the soldiers and sailors in that then very unhealthy latitude, was the cause of the failure to take the city at that time. Commodore Porter is sanguine of success with his present expedition. Vicksburg has been very greatly strengthened during the past three months, and is now protected by eighteen or twenty batteries, mounting one hundred and fifty guns of large calibre, extending some miles above and below the city, and designed to prevent the approach of our gunboats within dangerous distance. Still, if a resolute attack was made, simultaneously by land and water, there is no reason to doubt but that Vicksburg will fall, and the navigantion of the great river be opened from Cairo to the Balize.

THE COTTON THE YANKEES HAVE STOLEN.—A New York paper says:

"The amount of Government sea island cotton brought to New York during the past season, was nearly two thousand bales, and the sum realized from its sale about $600,000. Recent advices from Port Royal state that the new crop is beginning to come in, and promises well. The first cargo may be expected to arrive here within a fortnight. The entire cotton crop this fall, from the Carolina Sea Islands, is not less than thirty-five hundred bales. This has been grown and will be gathered under the direction of the government. A small portion only will be ginned on the spot. All the rest of it will be brought to New York, and given out to those contractors who have already been engaged in ginning for the government.

The Fayetteville, Tenn., Observer says a correspondent advises nobody to venture into a railroad car, without first placing his whole person in a state of the nicest cleanliness, and donning the very best apparel, inside and out, that his wardrobe will supply! And why? Because, should you be run into or should you in any other way become a victim, those who may pick up your corpse will certainly treat it with much more consideration than if they beheld it unclean, or saw it habited in the garments of poverty.

Oysters are being carried to Lynchburg in small quantities, and sold at enormous prices. A gallon is worth $10. At the restaurants, for a "dozen raw," with the concomitants of vinegar, salt and pepper, only a dollar and a half is demanded.

The bankers of San Francisco have entered into an agreement that they will not receive "greenback" notes on deposit, and those who insist upon depositing paper funds are marked upon a black list, with whom the bankers will not trade if they can help it.

It is said that ExP-resident Buchanan—the "old pub. fano."—will probably be a candidate before the Pennsylvania Legislature this winter for United States Senator.

BY TELEGRAPH.

From the West.

MOBILE, Nov. 17.

The Advertiser & Register has a dispatch dated Abbeville, the 17th, which says: Our cavalry again occupied Holley Springs. The enemy have retired to Grand Junction and Bolivar.

Secretary of War.

RICHMOND, Nov. 18.

It is understood that Gen. G. W. Smith has been appointed Secretary of War, *pro, tem.*

From Fredericksburg.

RICHMOND, Nov. 18.

Fredericksburg was thrown into an excitement this morning by a report that the enemy were advancing in force.

It is stated that the advance body of the enemy reached the Point seven miles above Fredericksburg.

At the latest advices all was quiet and the town was in the possession of the Confederates.

The movement may be a feint to cover the real plans of the enemy.

Indications are not wanting that the enemy is withdrawing from Northern Virginia with a design of renewing a movement on Richmond from the South East.

From the United States.

RICHMOND, Nov. 18.

A dispatch to the Washington Star intimates that Burnside's force will move within 24 hours.

The *Gazette* says Grant's forces are reported as occupying Holly Springs on 13th.

A correspondent with Burnside's army telegraphs that on Wednesday the Federal front was 16 miles beyond the Rappahanock, South of Warrenton.

Minister Slidell had an interview with Emperor Napoleon on the 28th ult.

The London *Times* says Lord Lyons took with him full assurances that while England will be eager in concord with other nations to adopt any steps to promote peace she will individually refuse to depart a hair's breadth from her course of non-interference.

A letter in the Baltimore Sun from the Charleston fleet of blockaders says that on the night of the 10th an iron clad steamer ran past the blockading vessels and entered the harbor—that she was fired at but the shot had no effect on her iron sides.

RICHMOND, Nov. 18.

Northern papers of the 14th and 15th furnish additional items of interest.

Gen. Halleck visited Warrenton on the 12th, and was heartily received by the officers of the army.

Gov. Morgan and Collector Barney visited Washington to urge the adequate and immediate protection for New York Harbor. The requisite orders were issued.

The draft in Wisconsin was resisted in Ascoko county by a mob, who destroyed the draft box and rolls and attacked the private residences of several prominent citizens.

Gen. McClellan is proposed for the vacant Senatorship in New Jersey. A complimentary dinner was tendered him in New York.

A temporary five per cent loan of twelve millions, asked for by Chase, has been filled up by New York bankers and nearly the whole paid in. It is reported that Chase hastened this negotiation because of serious demands upon Government by European powers which might lead to grave complications.

From the West.

MURFREESBORO, Nov. 17.

Rosencrantz arrived at Nashville on the 11th with three divisions, making five divisions now there.

Another Federal division is at Bowling Green, another at Mitchelville and yet another at Gallatin.

Rosencrantz declares his determination to subdue the Southern people as he proceeds South.—That the alternative will be offered of allegiance to the Union or be forced within the lines of the Rebel army,—that he will apply the same law to women and children. His endeavor will be to throw an immense population on the South in order that they may consume what he considers our limited supplies, and thus starve us into subjection.

A force of 10,000 Federals are near Lebanon, a body of whom made a dash into that place on Saturday, but left after destroying several houses and plantations in the neighborhood.

The enemy made a reconnoisance in force to within four miles of Lavergne last night, shelling the woods as they advanced. Their firing was distinctly heard there, but they soon after fell back to their asylum, within six miles of Nashville.

Col. Adam Johnson's Cavalry made a dash into Madisonville, Ky., last week, killing 40 and wounding 150 of the enemy, who fled to the Ohio River but were pressed.

We succeeded in capturing three steamboats and brought back forty wagon loads of army supplies.

From Virginia.

RICHMOND, Nov. 18.

The Enquirer of this morning contains additional particulars of the re-appearance of the Yankees at Fredericksburg. The movement appears to have been more serious than was supposed.

On Sunday morning it was ascertained by the commandant at Fredericksburg that a strong force of the enemy from Warrenton was approaching by a road crossing at the ford, some four or five miles above.—Col. Critchers immediately posted his little command at that point and at about 8 o'clock that morning a regiment of Yankee cavalry made their appearance. A brisk engagement ensued and the Federals were finally driven back, with a loss of several killed and twelve prisoners. Col. Critchers withdrew his force to town where he could work more advantageously, in conjunction with Col. Ball's artillery command.

Yesterday morning the enemy evidently increased in force and appeared with several batteries of heavy artillery above the town. An artillery engagement ensued and during the progress orders were given to destroy all the cotton and tobacco in town. The order was promptly executed, and several pyramids of cotton bales were soon sending up smoky incense to the God of War.

About one thousand boxes of tobacco, belonging principally to speculators, were ruthlessly tumbled into the Rappahanock.

In the course of an hour or two the enemy were repulsed from their new locality by assault and followed up by our cavalry and lost some ten or fifteen more prisoners.

During the progress of the engagement which occured just out side of the corporation, the people became resolute in the determination to stand by the town, and even the women, in many instances, appeared in the streets on horseback and foot, armed and inspired with all the enthusiasm of war.

The enemy again made their appearance, but this time on the northern side of the river and in greater force and farther off with guns superior to our own in range. The engagement continued during the evening. Our loss up to 6 o'clock was one killed and two or three slightly wounded.

A portion of the enemy was reported already in Falmouth on the opposite side of the river, and their whole force supposed to be 12,000—no doubt an exaggeration.—From one to three regiments of the enemy had, at last advices, been actively engaged.

The news inclines, says the Enquirer, to the conclusion that either the enemy are coming on to Richmond from Fredericksburg or are about to be transported to Suffolk. The line of advance, it indicates, work however one side or the other.

From the United States.

RICHMOND, Nov. 18.

A Dispatch to the *Tribune*, dated at Washington, 12th inst. says, advices from France though couched in the usual complimentary language of the politest court in Europe, is really of a serious nature and presented to our Government two alternatives—either a war with France or an unqualified repudiation of the acts of Gen. Butler.

The London Times says in the Democratic party of the United States lies the only hope of peace in America.

The Small Pox prevails among the contrabands in Alexandria.

Reports from the Valley represent the enemy as having yielded the possession of the country to our troops.

In the engagement at Seguina on Friday evening last, 15 were killed and wounded.

Cameron has resigned as Minister to Russia.

Gov. Seymour in a speech delivered since the election says he will sustain Lincoln in every Constitutional demand for the prosecution of the war.

Senator Wm. Ballard Preston, of Va., died on the 16th inst.

Further From the West.

MOBILE, Nov. 18.

The *Advertiser & Register* has a dispatch dated Okalono the 17th, says a scout just in at Saltillo, from between Purdy and Corinth, reports that he saw six hundred wagons passing from Corinth to Jackson, Tenn. loaded, with five regiments of infantry and two of cavalry were guarding the train and driving beeves.

The enemy have small forces at Bethel, Glendale and Corinth. They told the citizens as they were passing from Corinth to Jackson they were going to fall back to Jackson and Memphis.

Fifteen to twenty armed negroes left from a point seven miles north of this point this morning to make their way to the Abolitionists at Corinth. The cavalry have started in pursuit.

Later from Fredericksburg.

RICHMOND, Nov. 18.

Later advices from Fredericksburg state that the artillery duel still continued but our troops gallantly hold the enemy in check and will dispute the passage of the Rappahannock.

An artillery duel took place yesterday evening between a battery on Fitzgerald Hill with the enemy on Ficklin's Hill.—Two Confederates were killed.

A citizen named Kimbrell reports the enemy lost 19, killed.

The duel continued this afternoon, the Confederates still holding possession of the town. Col. Ball's command behaved most gallantly, contending against overwhelming odds.

From Richmond.

RICHMOND, Nov. 17.

The town is rife with exciting rumors concering the movements in the neighborhood of Harpers Ferry.

Despatches received from reliable sources represent all quiet in the Valley. The situation of affairs represented satisfactory. Stated that the enemy made an advance on Norfolk and Petersburg Railroad this side of Blackwater river, on Friday last, a skirmish ensued and the enemy was driven back several miles. The affair regarded as unimportant, but may be a prelude to a more formidable movement.

J. O. Withrill, formerly of Wool's staff in Mexico, was assassinated in Cary Street last night. The deceased was an Englishman and was much esteemed. Nothing transpired before the Coroner's Jury to identify the perpetrator of the outrage believed, however, that Withrill was mistaken for another man.

The Baltimore *Gazette* of the 15th inst. contains some interesting items.

A special Washington correspondent to the New York *Times* in a despatch, dated the 14th, enlarges on the delicate nature of Yankee relations with France and Spain, and says the French Government has demanded full and immediate indemnity for all injuries inflicted upon French citizens by Gen. Butler. The immense armament now ready at Marseilles being pointed to as a contemporary on diplomatic requests. The State Department is ready to back down to any extent from Gen. Butler's acts. The Spanish Minister has addressed our Government demanding an apology for the burning of a vessel in Spanish waters by one of the ships of Admiral Farragut's fleet. This act was made more heinous by insults to the Cuban magistrate who remonstrated against this wrong done in a neutral port.

The Gazette says the condition of our foreign relations, not withstanding the modified assurances lately given by the Associated Press correspondent to the contrary, is distinctly assumed to be threatening, especially with France and Spain.

The New York *World* correspondent says the course pursued by Gen. Butler at N. Orleans and the seal of some of the naval commanders in the West Indies have evoked those issues which the representatives of two, at least, of the powers concerned, who are pressing somewhat a peremtory solution.

Lord Lyons recently had an interview with Seward.

The following significant sentence occurs in McClellan's speech at Trenton: "While the army is fighting, you, as citizens, should see that the war is prosecuted for the preservation of the Union and the Constitution, for your nationality and your rights."

Foreign papers up to the 1st inst. have been received.

English papers say little in regard to American affairs, except the Times which draws attention to the immense increase of the Yankee navy.

TRELOAR HALL.

Wednesday Evening, Nov. 19th,

HARRY MACARTHY,

THE SOUTHERN BARD,

Author of the "Bonnie Blue Flag," "The Volunteer," "Missouri," Stars and Bars," "The Letter from Shiloh," "Scott's Ride to Richmond," &c., will give a few of his PERSONATION

CONCERTS,

assisted by Miss LOTTIE ESTELLE, Comedienne; Prof. BALCOTT, Pianist; Prof. RODOLPH, violinist.

W. TILESTON, Agent.

☞ Admittance 75 cents; children and servants 50 cents.

Nov 19 1t

AT AUCTION.

$7,400 Town of Charlotte 6 per cent. Coupon Bonds will be sold on Thursday morning, at the public square. Sale at 11 o'clock. Nov 19—2t

Public Auction.

By S. A. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, at the public square, will be sold

HOUSE & KITCHEN FURNITURE,

consisting of

Beds, Matrasses,
Blankets, Comforts,
Tables, Bureaus,
Chairs, and other articles too tedious to mention. Nov 19, 1862—1t

House to Rent.

BY S. A. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

AT 12 o'clock, at the public square, on Saturday next, 22d instant, I will rent, at auction, the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by Robert Shaw, for the ensuing year.

The House is well known, being on Tryon street adjoining the Episcopal Church. Nov 19, 1862—td

FRENCH COFFEE HOUSE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have opened a first class

EATING SALOON.

On Main street, nearly opposite Nicherson's Hotel.

OYSTERS, FISH, CRABS, SHRIMP, Meats and Game, of all kinds, in season.

HOT COFFEE, in the French style.

The best quality of WINES and Segars always on hand.

Open from 5 a. m. till 10 p. m.

On Monday next a Private Room for Parties will be opened, with a French cook in attendance.

Nov 19—1m A. GEORGET & CO.

SOUTH DOWN BUCKS AND NORTH DEVON BULL CALVES FOR SALE.

I HAVE at Linwood, on the N. C. Rail Road, a superior lot of South-Down Bucks and North Devon Bull Calves for sale—all young. I will sell to all true Confederates at old prices. I have the best blood and the highest forms for a Southern climate. W. R. HOLT.

Lexington, N. C., Nov. 5, 1862.

Sheep can be moved at any time. Cattle, with safety, only from the 1st of Nov. to the 1st of May. W. R. HOLT.

Nov 5—d&w 6w

Office of Surg. Gen. of N. Carolina,
November 12, 1862.

THE following Articles are required for our sick and wounded soldiers:

Shoes, Socks, Hats, Coats, Pants, Drawers, Leather, Shoe Thread, Lasts, (from No. 6 to No. 13 inclusive,) Buttons, Cotton Cloth, Flannel, Potatoes, Brandy, Butter, Eggs, &c., &c.

Proposals will be received at this office for a proper supply of them. Those able and willing to contribute, will please address the undersigned. Transportation will be furnished, if necessary, by the government. EDWARD WARREN,

Nov 13—1m Surg. Gen. of N. C.

New Manufacturing Company,

(OPPOSITE C. S. NAVY WORKS.)

STEVENS, SCHUTT & McLEAN, PROPRIETORS.

WE are now manufacturing by steam power all kinds of BEDSTEADS, TABLES, CHAIRS, WASHSTANDS, and everything pertaining to the FURNITURE and CABINET BUSINESS.

We are also making a very pretty, durable and superior WOOD CANTEEN, to which we invite the special attention of officers and soldiers.

Orders from the trade and public generally are respectfully solicited, as we are confident in our ability to please the most fastidious. Orders promptly filled.

J. H. STEVENS,
W. H. SCHUTT,
J. A. McLEAN.

Oct 29, 1862—tf

A Cook and Washer Wanted.

A competent couple, Whites or Negroes, of a quiet disposition to apply at this office.

Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Rail Road.

ON and after the 10th of November, the Passenger Trains will be run on the Road (Western Division) daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

GOING WEST.

Leaves		Arrives
8.45 A. M.	Charlotte,	3.05 P. M.
9.05 "	Pineville,	2.45 "
9.54 "	Morris,	2.00 "
10.25 "	Mountain,	1.30 "
11.10 "	Cherryville,	12.45 "

GOING EAST.

Leaves		Arrives
12.45 P. M.	Cherryville,	10.30 A. M.
1.10 "	Mountain,	10.05 "
1.50 "	Morris,	9.20 "
2.30 "	Pineville,	8.40 "
3.10 "	Charlotte,	8.00 "

Passengers are required to call, either personally or by note, at the Ticket Office, for tickets, previous to entering the cars. Tickets will be sold as at present, at the rate of 3 cents per mile for each one. An exception to the above regulation is made in favor of those who reside on the line of the road, to an extent charge of 25 cents, which the conductor is strictly required to collect.

By Order,
T. A. BRADLEY,
Acting Master of Transportation.

Lincolnton, Oct. 31, 1862.

Shoes! Shoes!

LESS THAN TRUE PRICE.

I AM ready to sell SHOES of good make, assorted, at the following prices:

No. 2, per pair,	$1 00
No. 3, per pair,	2 00
No. 4, per pair,	3 00
No. 5, per pair,	5 00
No. 6, per pair,	5 00
No. 7, per pair,	7 00
No. 8, per pair,	8 00
No. 9, per pair,	9 00
No. 10, per pair,	10 00

R. ROZZLE,
Nov 10—3t At Rozzle's Ferry.

A MATTER FOR SALE.

The undersigned, Executor of John Cline, dec'd, will offer at public sale at Charlotte on the 25th day of November, 1862, a BOY about 35 years old. He is a Hatter by trade.

Terms—Cash or a good note at six month, with interest from date.

L. E. THOMPSON, Ex'r.

Nov 1—ts

NEW STORE.

ALAMANCE PLAIDS, CALICO,
SHOES, HATS, &c.,

For sale at the store opposite the Court House.

EIGENBRUN & KATZ.

Nov 1—tf

ATTENTION!

CHARLOTTE GUARDS.

You are hereby ordered to appear Wednesday, the 19th Nov., at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the Courthouse, for Regimental Drill, armed and equipped as the law directs.

Commissioned and non-commissioned officers will appear at the same time on the two days previous.

By order of the Colonel,
JOHN WILKES, Capt.
A. COBB, O. S. Nov 17—3t.

Notice.

OFFICE CHARLOTTE & S. C. R. R. Co.,
COLUMBIA, Nov. 15, 1862.

The Through Passenger Fare on this Road, on and after the 18th inst., will be SIX DOLLARS, and the local rates corresponding. E. HULBERT,

Nov 17, 1862—tf. Gen'l Sup't.

WANTED,

At the North Carolina Powder Mills, 10,000 White Oak and Chesnut STAVES of the following dimentions: 42 inches wide by 2 inches thick and 36 inches long.

S. W. DAVIS, Pres.

Charlotte, N. C., Nov 17, 1862—tf

NORTH CAROLINA POWDER MILLS.

Wanted, at the North Carolina Powder Mills, 100 Tons of TOBACCO STEMS.

S. W. DAVIS, Pres.

Charlotte, N. C., Nov 17, 1862—tf

☞ The Iredell Express, Salisbury Watchman, and Greensboro' Patriot copy three times and send bill.

Great Sale of Fruit Trees.

I WILL sell at West Green Nurseries, four miles west of Greensborough, on Thursday the 4th of December next, at public auction, a lot of FRUIT TREES.

I have on hand Two Hundred Thousand choice Trees, ready for planting out this fall and winter, and am determined to sell. I will have trees ready for delivery at all times.

CYRUS P. MENDENHALL.

Nov 17—tn

☞ I also have for sale a large quantity of the very best APPLE VINEGAR.

AUCTION SALE.

I will expose at public Auction, at the residence of the late C. B. McGINNIS, on TUESDAY, the 18th of November, all of the property belonging to the estate of the said deceased, comprising his Personal and real estate.

The Land will be sold or rented.

ALSO WILL BE SOLD:

Eight likely Negroes; 3 Horses and 2 Mules; Cows, Hogs and Sheep; Wheat, Corn, Oats, Fodder, Hay; one road Wagon; one plantation and one two and one one horse do.; 1 Buggy and Harness, 1 sett of Smith's Tools; Farming Tools of all kinds; Household and Kitchen Furniture; one box of Jewelry, with other articles too tedious to mention.

Terms made known at Sale.

J. P. McGINNIS,
Oct. 28 '62-d3t. Ex'or.

OPINION OF THE CHATHAM R. R. COMPANY.

RALEIGH, Nov. 5, 1862.

No acceptable bid having been offered for the graduation and masonry of the middle division of the Chatham Railroad, extending from Pagan to Locksville, 23 miles, the undersigned is prepared to receive proposals at this office.

Profiles and Specifications showing about the aggregate amount of work required, can be seen at the Engineer's office, Haywood, Cathum County, or at the Company's office, Raleigh.

KEMP P. BATTLE, Pres't.
ELLWOOD MORRIS, Chief Engineer.

Nov. 11, 1862—d6t.

TO OUR PATRONS.

If any of our friends desire to pay what they owe us, either at the Store of Brown, Tate & Co., Brown, Shaw & Co., or Brown, Shaw & Co., they will please call on Dr. E. Nye Hutchison, who I leave as my agent in my absence.

J. L. BROWN.

Nov 17, 1862—3t

A PRIVATE BANK.

Two large and commodious rooms, Brick Dwelling House with five rooms, all located near the centre of the town.

Apply at the French Book of Hugh Cuthbertson. Nov 17—tf